SDS Number – Z0198

Sid Harvey Item number – F2-17, F2-17M, F2-18, F2-18M, F2-19, F2-19M, F2-23, F2-23M, F2-27, F2-27M



# STR-2+ for Distillates & Biofuel

#### Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Rules & Regulations Revision: 07/24/2015 Issued: 08/01/1992 Supersedes: 03/01/2006

#### **SECTION 1.** PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT FORM: TRADE NAME: CHEMICAL NAME: COMPANY:

#### Liquid Substance

Technol STR-2+ Distillate & Biodiesel Conditioner Proprietary mixture of petroleum distillates Technol Fuel Conditioners, Inc. 145 Wyckoff Road Eatontown, NJ 07724 Phone: 1.800.645.4033 EMERGENCY PHONE: Chemtrec: 1.800.424.9300 - within USA and Canada

Chemtrec: 1.703.527.3887 - outside USA and Canada

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### GHS SIGNAL WORD: WARNING!

#### GHS HAZARD PICTOGRAMS:

HEALTH:



H227:

- Harmful if swallowed H302:
- H312: Harmful in contact with skin
- H320: Can cause eye irritation
- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

**ENVIRONMENTAL:** H402: Harmful to aquatic life

#### GHS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

P210:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233:	Keep container tightly closed.
P261:	Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapors/spray [As modified by IV ATP].
P262:	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
P273:	Avoid release into the environment.
P301+P331:	IF SWALLOWED, Do NOT induce vomiting.
P410+P411:	Protect from sunlight. Store at temperatures between 45°F [7.2°C] and 85°F [29.4°C].
P410+P411:	Protect from sunlight. Store at temperatures between 45°F [7.2°C] and 85°F [29.4°C].

#### **SECTION 3.** COMPOSITION AND INGREDIENTS INFORMATION Hazard Date % Ry Weight CAS Number SARA 311 SARA 312 Chamical Nama SADA 212

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Hazard Date</u>	<u>70 By weight</u>	CAS Number	<u>SAKA 311</u>	<u>SAKA 312</u>	<u>SAKA 313</u>
Aromatic Naphtha	Not Available	40% - 50%	64742-95-6	No	No	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Not Available	< 25%	95-63-6	No	No	No
Glycol Ethers	April, 1986	1% - 10%	111-76-2	No	No	Yes



## STR-2+ for Distillates & Biofuel Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Rules & Regulations Revision: 07/24/2015 Issued: 08/01/1992 Supersedes: 03/01/2006

#### **SECTION 4.** FIRST AID MEASURES

- INHALATION: Overexposure can cause dizziness, lack of coordination, and breathing complications, unlikely to occur under normal usage conditions. Handlers should always wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in the positive mode with a full face-piece due to the likelihood of fumes, smoke, and hazardous component decomposition. Remove to fresh air and deploy artificial respiration if not breathing. Get medical attention.
- SKIN CONTACT: Can cause irritation of exposed skin due to defatting of skin tissue. Handlers should always wear rubber gloves. Wash exposed skin vigorously with general soap and water. Get medical attention if skin irritation persists.
- EYE CONTACT: Can cause irritation of exposed eye tissue. Handlers should always wear splash-proof goggles. Rinse eyes with cool flowing water for at least 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

INGESTION:Can cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.Deploy artificialrespiration if not breathing.Get immediate medical attention.

#### **SECTION 5.** FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT: UPPER FLAMMABLE LIMIT: 126°F Open Cup (52.2°C), Method = PMCC

E LIMIT: % by volume not established E LIMIT: % by volume not established

<u>Special Hazards and Procedures:</u> This product poses no unusual fire fighting problems. It will burn if involved in a fire. Oxides of sulfur (SO<sub>2</sub>) will be given off while burning. Combustion may produce oxides of carbon and oxides of calcium. Water may be used to cool fire-exposed containers and structures but is not a suitable extinguishing media.

<u>Protective Equipment:</u> As in any fire, firefighters must be equipped to prevent breathing of vapors or products of combustion. Wear an approved self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical,  $CO_2$  and foam are suitable. Water jets or any water-based fluid are not suitable. Closed containers may be cooled with water. Treat large fires as an oil fire. Oil will float on water and can cause fire to spread. Heat from fire can generate flammable vapor.

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE PRECAUTIONS

PERSONAL: Wearing suitable protective equipment, eliminate sources of ignition and open nearby windows to ventilate the problem area.ENVIRONMENTAL: Product has very low solubility in water. Prevent from entering sewer system, surface water or soil.

FOR SPILL CLEAN-UP: Shut off leak and dike up large spills. Absorb with an inert material such as sand, soil or vermiculite. Sweep up absorbent and dispose in accordance with regulatory requirements.

#### **SECTION 7. PRODUCT HANDLING & STORAGE**

- HANDLING: This product is best stored in its original container. Steel or HDPE containers are recommended replacements and electrically bond and ground all containers and equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors, aerosol and mists. Use with adequate ventilation and wash thoroughly after handling. Never use pressure to empty drums.
- STORAGE: Full or partially-filled containers should always be kept upright and away from strong oxidizing agents. This product will pump down to 10°F [-12.2°C]. Nonetheless, it is recommended that full or partially-filled containers be stored in a cool dry place between 45° 85°F [7.2° 29.4°C]. Store in original container if possible, and keep all chemical containers away from direct sunlight and tightly closed when not in use.



## STR-2+ for Distillates & Biofuel Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Rules & Regulations Revision: 07/24/2015 Issued: 08/01/1992 Supersedes: 03/01/2006

SECTION 8.	EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION
VENTILATION:	None normally required. Use additional ventilation if needed to control vapor concentrations particularly if a mist is generated or fumes from hot material are present.
RESPIRATORY:	None required if area adequately ventilated. Use appropriate respiratory protection if used in confined areas. If used in an application where a mist may be generated, observe a TWA/PEL of 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (OSHA, ACGIH) for a mineral oil mist. Use a respirator with dual organic vapor/mist and particulates cartridge if vapor concentration exceeds permissible exposure limit.
SKIN PROTECTION:	Use neoprene-type gloves and apron.
EYE PROTECTION:	Wear chemical safety goggles or a full-plate face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn.

#### **SECTION 9.** PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Boiling Point: Vapor Pressure: Solubility in Water: pH: Pounds per Gallon: Freeze Point: Blue-Green Liquid < 340°F [< 171.1°C] < 5 @ 20°C (mm Hg) Negligible Not Applicable 7.6 10°F (-12.2°C)

Odor: Density at 25°C (gm/cm<sup>3</sup>): Vapor density (Air = 1): Solubility in Organic Solvents: Flash point, COC (ASTM D-93): Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate =1): Volatiles By Volume: Camphor Characteristic 0.91 Typical < 1 Soluble 126°F (52.2°C) < 1 Nil @ 68°F (20°C)

## **SECTION 10.** STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

This product is stable and not subject to hazardous polymerization.

<u>Hazardous Decomposition Products</u>: Oxides of carbon (carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide), and oxides of hydrogen (contaminated and hazardous water) are all formed from burning.

<u>Incompatible materials</u>: Strong oxidizers such as hydrogen peroxide, oxidizing chlorine, and bromine compounds (e.g. chlorine bleach) and chromic acid should be avoided.

Conditions to avoid: Extreme heat and sources of fire or ignition.

#### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:	Eye contact, skin contact, inhalation and ingestion.
ACUTE TOXICITY:	The handling procedures and safety precautions in this SDS should be followed to minimize employee exposure.
CHRONIC EFFECTS:	Can cause eye, skin and gastrointestinal irritation. Irritation of tissue, defatting of skin, gastrointestinal irritation, Kidney and Liver damage.
SYMPTOMS:	Irritation of exposed tissue and organs, blurriness of vision, dizziness, fainting, and lack of physical coordination.
LD50:	Not Established.
NTP/IARC/OSHA:	This product and none of its components are listed as a carcinogens, mutagens, or teratogens.

#### **SECTION 12.** ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No specific aquatic data is available. This product should be kept away from all bodies of water, and prevented from entering sewer streams. It may be necessary to extract soil where large spills have occurred. No specific Bioaccumulation data is available. No specific Terrain Migration data is available.



# STR-2+ for Distillates & Biofuel

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Rules & Regulations Revision: 07/24/2015 Issued: 08/01/1992 Supersedes: 03/01/2006

#### **SECTION 13.** DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL: This product should be incinerated as a waste oil, at a certified and registered waste disposal site, in compliance with all federal, state and local regulations and requirements.

RCRA STATUS OFDispose of this product in permitted hazardous wastes sites.Keep this product away lakes, streams,UNUSED PRODUCT:rivers, ponds, sewer systems, and any other body of water.

#### SECTION 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

#### US DOT Classification:



NA 1993, Combustible Liquid, NOS (placard required on ground carriers): not regulated if shipped or transported in containers less than 450 liters (119 Gallons US).

Proper Shipping Name: Shipping Class: Packing Group: NMFC Rating: Proprietary mixture of petroleum derivatives 65 (regardless of package or container size) III (regardless of package or container size) 155250-02



**UN 1993**, Flammable Liquid, NOS: If shipped in containers of 450 liters or more (120 Gallons US or more), by air or by sea.

Proper Shipping Name: Shipping Class: Packing Group: Petroleum Distillates, NOS 65 (regardless of package or container size) III (regardless of package or container size)

#### IMDG Classification:

This product is not known to be a marine pollutant according to the International Marine Dangerous Goods Codes, however it can cause harm to aquatic life.

#### ICAO Classification:

Proper Shipping Name:Petroleum Distillates, NOSClass:3UN/NA ID #:NA 1993Packing GroupIII

#### **IBC Classification:**

Guidance on transporting this product in bulk by ocean freight can be obtained from Annex II of Marpol 73/78 and the International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.

#### All Transportation Methods:

Keep packages and containers upright and tightly sealed at all time during transportation. Do not expose packages and containers to direct sunlight, extreme heat, or any source of ignition. All product should be transported in their original packaging and containers. Rubber, plastic or other lined containers should not be used.

## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

There are no other national and/or regional statutes or information on this product, including OSHA, Department of Transportation, Environmental Protection Agency, Consumer Product Safety Commission, and Right-To-Know Act not previously addressed in this document.

Chemical Name

CAS #

NJ TS Number

None



## STR-2+ for Distillates & Biofuel Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Rules & Regulations Revision: 07/24/2015 Issued: 08/01/1992 Supersedes: 03/01/2006

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

This product has not been tested in long term, chronic exposure, therefore, the handling procedures and safety precautions in the SDS should be followed to minimize employee exposure.

<u>Label Information for the United States:</u> CAUTION: May cause skin and eye irritation. Do not swallow. Avoid eye and skin contact. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with clothing. Wash clothing before reuse. Keep out of reach of children. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Avoid breathing mists or sprays of this product or its solutions.

#### EMPLOYER RESPONSIBILITY

Employers must ensure that these Material Safety Data Sheets are readily accessible and available to all their employees responsible for the storage, handling, and manipulation of this product. This can be done in many ways, such as organizing all chemicals SDS in freely available binders kept in areas where the chemicals are stored, or on computers the handling employees have access to without the inconvenience of leaving the work or storage area. We strongly recommend the binder method which keeps them available in the event of a power outage or other emergency inhibiting computer use. Employers may want to consider designating two persons (primary and backup) responsible for obtaining and maintaining SDS records. If the employer does not have a particular SDS for a chemical commodity, the employer or responsible designate should contact the chemical manufacturer to obtain one prior to product use.

#### **REFERENCES**

#### OSHA, 29 CR 1910.1200(g) and Appendix D.

United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), 3rd Revised Edition, United Nations, 2009. These references and other information related to the revised Hazard Communication Standard can be found on OSHA's Hazard Communication Safety and Health Topics web site at: <u>http://www.osha.gov/dsg/hazcom/index.html</u>.

#### **DISCLAIMER**

This brief provides a general overview of the Material Safety Data Sheet requirements as mandated by the Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and Appendix D of 29 CFR 1910.1200. It does not alter or determine compliance responsibilities in the standard or the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. Since interpretations and enforcement policy may change over time, the reader should consult current OSHA interpretations, decisions by the Occupational Safety and Heath Review Commission, and the courts for additional guidance on OSHA compliance requirement. Please note that states with OSHA-approved state plans may have additional requirements for chemical safety data sheets, outside of those outlined above. For more information on those standards, please visit: <u>http://www.osha.gov/dcsp/osp/statestandards.html</u>.

The information contained in this document has been derived from analysis of published data freely available and supplied components. While the recommendations contained herein are offered in good faith and believed to be accurate and correct as of the date hereof, manufacturer makes no warranty, expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, or of any other nature regarding this data or the results to be obtained from use thereof. In no event will the manufacturer be liable or responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use or reliance upon the information and recommendations.

## Safety Data Sheet

#### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

### Technol STR-2+ for all grades of Distillate & Blended Biodiesel Fuels

Technol Fuel Conditioners, Inc. 145 Wyckoff Road, Suite 305 Eatontown, New Jersey 07724 Contact Number: (800) 645-4033 (USA) Emergency Numbers: (800) 424-9300 (USA) +1-(703)-527-3887 (International) Chem Name:Mixture of petroleum distillatesFormula:ProprietaryIssue Date:August, 1992Revised Date:March, 2006EPA Register:Not Applicable (Off-Road Use)

#### SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS IDENTIFICATION

This product is a mixture of petroleum distillates. It is not known to contain any carcinogens as listed under OSHA Communications Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

NAME:	Aromatic Naphtha	Glycol Ethers
CAS NUMBER:	64742-94-5	111-76-2
APPROX. % BY WT:	60 - 80%	1 - 10%
HAZARD DATE:	Not Available	1986
SARA 311:	None	None
SARA 312:	None	None
SARA 313:	N/A	Yes
PICTOGRAM:	FLANMABLE 3	CIME 27 BLC

SECTION 3: COMI	POSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
UNUSUAL CHRONIC TOXICITY:	Not known
AQUATIC TOXICITY:	Not known
PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATION:	Estimated at 333ppm
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR:	% by volume not established
UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSIVE HAZARDS:	None known
EPA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE:	Yes - Reportable quantity = 100 lbs. for ignitable substance
The specific chemical identities and/or ex	act perceptage of their concentration perceptage is being withheld

The specific chemical identities and/or exact percentage of their concentration percentage is being withheld as a trade secret.



## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

	SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES
EYE CONTACT:	Can cause irritation of exposed eye tissue. Handlers should always wear splash-proof goggles. Rinse eyes with cool flowing water for at least 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.
SKIN CONTACT:	Can cause irritation of exposed skin due to defatting of skin tissue. Handlers should always wear rubber gloves. Wash exposed skin vigorously with general soap and water. Get medical attention if skin irritation persists.
INHALATION:	Overexposure can cause dizziness, lack of coordination, and breathing complications, unlikely to occur under normal usage conditions. Handlers should always wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in the positive mode with a full face-piece due to the likelihood of fumes, smoke, and hazardous component decomposition. Remove to fresh air and deploy artificial respiration if not breathing. Get medical attention.
INGESTION:	Can cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract. <u>DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING</u> . Deploy artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.
BIOLOGICAL:	Not known.

#### SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES & PROCEDURES

Firefighters should always wear protective gloves, splash-proof goggles, and self-contained breathing apparatus in the positive mode with a full face-piece as standard operating procedure, especially if handing large quantities. Treat and handle this commodity as a combustible product.

EXTINGUISHING AGENTS TO AVOID: Water or any water-based fluid.

RECOMMENDED EXTINGUISHING AGENT: Any DRY chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, or chemical foam.

AREA VENTILATION: Standard room ventilation is generally sufficient in a large area. Local exhaust vents are recommended for smaller confined areas and at the vapor source.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES AND PROCEDURES

In the even of an accidental spill or leak, remove all sources of ignition immediately surrounding the problem area.

- Open nearby windows and ventilate the area and remove all sources of ignition.
- Contain all spills or leaks with dikes or absorbents to prevent further migration and possible entry into sewers, streams or other water bodies.
- Take up small spills or leaks with a dry chemical absorbent.
- Take up large spills or leaks with a pump or vacuum, then apply a dry chemical absorbent.

(Continued on next page)



## Material Safety Data Sheet

• Extract contaminated soil affected in an outdoor spill or leak.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING & STORAGE**

The product is best stored in its original container. Should the need arise to transfer the product, it is recommended that steel or HDPE containers be used. This product should be handled as a "combustible petroleum product" is incompatible with rubber-, plastic-, or other lined containers.

Storage containers should be kept upright, away from direct sunlight, and tightly closed at all times when the product is not needed. Handlers should wear rubber gloves and splash-proof goggles as the standard operation procedure under normal conditions.

The product is pump-able down to 10°F (-12.2°C). It is nonetheless recommended that full or partially-filled containers be stored in warm dry areas (between 45° - 85°F) and away from direct sunlight.

	Gi																				

OSHA PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS (PELs):

AMERICAN CONFERENCE OF GOVERNMENTAL INDUSTRIAL HYGIENISTS (ACGIHs):

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH (NIOSH):

THRESHHOLD LIMIT VALUES (TLVs):

See the **Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances**. This registry is a database of toxicity information compiled from the open scientific literature without reference to the validity or usefulness of the studies reported. Until 2001 it was maintained by the US National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) as a freely available publication. It is now maintained by the private company Symyx Technologies and is available only for a fee or by subscription.

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

FLASH POINT:	126°F Closed Cup	POUNDS PER GALLON:	7.6
BOILING POINT:	< 340°F (171.1°C)	pH:	Not Applicable
VAPOR DENSITY:	< 1	EVAP RATE:	< 1 (Butyl Acetate=1)
APPEARANCE:	Blue-green Liquid	VAPOR PRESSURE:	< 5mm (Hg@20°C, 68°F)
SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	0.91 (@ 25°C, 77°F)	SOLUBLE IN WATER:	Negligible
API GRAVITY:	23.6	VOLATILES BY VOLUME:	Nil (@20°C, 68°F)
		·····	

Technol Fuel Conditioners, Inc.



Compliance: November 15, 2013

## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

	SECTION 10:	STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
STABILITY:	This prod	uct is stable.
INCOMPATIBILITY:	Strong ox	dizing agents
CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	Extreme h	eat and fire sources
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	Will not o	ccur
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:	. –	this product to extreme heat will generate Carbon Monoxide on Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), and hazardous waste water.

	SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:	Eye contact, skin contact, inhalation of vapors, and ingestion.
CHRONIC EFFECTS:	Irritation of exposed tissue, defatting of skin, and irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.
SYMPTOMS:	Irritation of exposed tissue, dizziness, fainting, and lack of coordination.
LD50:	Not known.
NTP/IARC/OSHA:	This product is a mixture of petroleum derivatives. It is not known to contain any carcinogens as regulated by these agencies.

	SECTION 12:	ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
AQUATIC TOXICITY:	This product show	ıld be kept away from all bodies of water.
TERRESTIAL TOXICITY:	This product show	ald be prevented from entering sewer systems.
DEGRADABILITY:	It may be necessa	ary to extract soil where spills have occurred.
BIOACCUMULATION:	Not known.	
TERRAIN MIGRATION:	Not known.	

#### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

This section is intended to provide guidance on proper disposal practices , recycling, product reclamation and safe handling methods. To minimize exposure, please see Section 8 (Exposure Controls and Personal Protection).

# WASTE DISPOSAL: This product should be incinerated as a waste oil at a certified and registered chemical waste disposal site. In this process, the disposer must comply with Federal, State and Local chemical disposal and/or discharge statutes, requirements and regulations.

RCRA STATUS OF Dispose this product in permitted hazardous waste sites. Keep this product away from UNUSED PRODUCT: lakes, streams, rivers, sewer systems and any other body of water.



## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

	SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION
DESCRIPTION:	Proprietary mixture of petroleum derivatives.
HANDLING:	Mark, label and handle as a Combustible Liquid, N.O.S. Ground carriers should display the "Compustible Liquid" placard during transportation.
D.O.T. HAZARD:	Class 3, Packing Group III regardless of container or package size.
NMFC RATING:	155250-02
UN/NA NUMBER:	<b>NA1993</b> - Shipping Name = Combustible liquid, N.O.S., contains Aromatic Naphtha and Glycol Ether, not regulated when shipped in quantities smaller than 120 gallons and by ground within the United States.
	<b>UN1993</b> - Shipping Name = Flammable liquid, N.O.S., contains Aromatic Naphtha and Glycol Ether, when shipped in quantities larger than 120 gallons, by air, or ocean freight.
IMDG CODE:	This product is not known to be a marine pollutant according to the International Maritime Dangerous Goods code.
IBC CODE:	Guidance on transporting this product in bulk by ocean freight can be obtained from Annex II of Marpol 73/78 and the International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.
TRANSPORT PROCESS:	Keep containers upright and tightly sealed at all times during transportation. Keep away from direct sunlight, extreme heat, and all sources of ignition. Do not transport or transfer in rubber-, plastic-, or other lined containers.
EMERGENCY NUMBER:	Chemtrec USA - (800) 42-9300

#### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

There are no other national and/or regional regulatory statutes or information on this product, including OSHA, Department of Transportation, Environmental Protection Agency, and the Consumer Product Safety Commission, which were not previously addressed in this document.

#### SECTION 1.6: OTHER INFORMATION

The Material Safety Data Sheets for this product were originally prepared in January, 1993 and revised with changes when the product was reformulated and improved in March, 2006. The latest version is on file with the National MSDS Repository and Chemtrec. Additionally, as company policy, this MSDS is provided electronically to anyone making the request, can be downloaded free of charge from our company website at <a href="http://www.technol.com">http://www.technol.com</a>, and hardcopies accompany each product shipment.

(Continued on next page)

# Technol STR-2+ Distillate & Biodiesel Conditioner Material Safety Data Sheet

#### EMPLOYER RESPONSIBILITY

Employers must ensure that these Material Safety Data Sheets are readily accessible and available to all their employees responsible for the storage, handling, and manipulation of this product. This can be done in many ways, such as organizing all chemicals MSDS in freely available binders kept in areas where the chemicals are stored, or on computers the handling employees have access to without the inconvenience of leaving the work or storage area. We strongly recommend the binder method which keeps them available in the event of a power outage br other emergency inhibiting computer use. Employers may want to consider designating two persons (primary and backup) responsible for obtaining and maintaining MSDS records. If the employer does not have a particular MSDS for a chemical commodity, the employer or responsible designate should contact the chemical manufacturer to obtain one prior to product use.

#### REFERENCES

OSHA, 29 CR 1910.1200(g) and Appendix D. United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), 3rd Revised Edition, United Nations, 2009. These references and other information related to the revised Hazard Communication Standard can be found on OSHA's Hazard Communication Safety and Health Topics web site at: <u>http://</u> www.osha.gov/dsg/hazcom/index.html.

#### DISCLAIMER

This brief provides a general overview of the Material Safety Data Sheet requirements as mandated by the Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and Appendix D of 29 CFR 1910.1200. It does not alter or determine compliance responsibilities in the standard or the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. Since interpretations and enforcement policy may change over time, the reader should consult current OSHA interpretations, decisions by the Occupational Safety and Heath Review Commission, and the courts for additional guidance on OSHA compliance requirement. Please note that states with OSHA-approved state plans may have additional requirements for chemical safety data sheets, outside of those outlined above. For more information on those standards, please visit: http://www.osha.gov/ dcsp/osp/statestandards.html.

The information contained in this document has been derived from analysis of published data freely available and supplied components. While the recommendations contained herein are offered in good faith and believed to be accurate and correct as of the date hereof, Technol Fuel Conditioners, Inc. makes no warranty, expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, or of any other nature regarding this data or the results to be obtained from use thereof. In no event will Technol Fuel Conditioners, Inc. be liable or responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use or reliance upon the information and recommendations.

